

## Unit 4: 1/31/17 or 2/1/17

1. Review of Properties of Exponents
2. Simplifying Expressions
3. Converting between Rational and Exponent Form

**Properties of Exponents**

Let  $a$  and  $b$  be real numbers and let  $m$  and  $n$  be integers.

**Product of Powers Property**

$$a^m \cdot a^n = a^{m+n}$$

**Power of a Power Property**

$$(a^m)^n = a^{mn}$$

**Power of a Product Property**

$$(ab)^m = a^m b^m$$

**Negative Exponent Property**

$$a^{-m} = \frac{1}{a^m} \quad a \neq 0$$

**Zero Exponent Property**

$$a^0 = 1 \quad a \neq 0$$

**Quotient of Powers Property**

$$\frac{a^m}{a^n} = a^{m-n} \quad a \neq 0$$

**Power of a Quotient Property**

$$\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^m = \frac{a^m}{b^m} \quad b \neq 0$$

**Properties of Exponents Worksheet**

Name \_\_\_\_\_

Evaluate the expression.

1.  $4^2 \cdot 4^4$

2.  $(5^{-2})^3$

3.  $\frac{5^2}{5^5}$

4.  $\left(\frac{3}{7}\right)^3$

5.  $\frac{2^2}{2^{-9}}$

6.  $(-9)(-9)^3$

Simplify the expression.

7.  $a^6 \cdot a^3$

8.  $(x^5)^2$

9.  $(4a^2b^3)^5$

10.  $\frac{x^8}{x^6}$

11.  $\frac{x^5}{x^8}$

12.  $\frac{x^6}{x^6}$

13.  $\left(\frac{4a^3}{2b^4}\right)^2$

14.  $(2^3x^2)^5$

15.  $(x^4y^7)^{-3}$

16.  $\frac{x^{11}y^{10}}{x^{-3}y^{-1}}$

17.  $-3x^{-4}y^0$

18.  $\frac{5x^3y^9}{20x^2y^{-2}}$

19.  $\frac{x^5}{x^{-2}}$

20.  $\frac{x^5y^2}{x^4y^0}$

21.  $(x^3)^0$

22.  $(10x^5y^3)^{-3}$

23.  $\frac{x^{-1}y}{xy^{-2}}$

24.  $(4x^2y^5)^{-2}$

25.  $\frac{2x^2y}{6xy^{-1}}$

26.  $\frac{xy^9}{3y^{-2}} \cdot \frac{-7y}{21x^5}$

27.  $\frac{12xy}{7x^4} \cdot \frac{7x^5y^2}{4y}$

Properties of Exponents Worksheet

Name Key

Evaluate the expression.

1.  $4^2 \cdot 4^4 = 4^6 = 4096$

2.  $(5^{-2})^3 = 5^{-6} = \frac{1}{15625}$

3.  $\frac{5^2}{5^5} = \frac{1}{5^3} = \frac{1}{125}$

4.  $\left(\frac{3}{7}\right)^3 = \frac{27}{343}$

5.  $\frac{2^2}{2^{-9}} = 2^{11} = 2048$

6.  $(-9)(-9)^3 = (-9)^4 = 6561$

Simplify the expression.

7.  $a^6 \cdot a^3 = a^9$

8.  $(x^5)^2 = x^{10}$

9.  $(4a^2b^3)^5 = 4^5 a^{10} b^{15} = 1024 a^{10} b^{15}$

10.  $\frac{x^8}{x^6} = x^2$

11.  $\frac{x^5}{x^8} = x^{-3}$

12.  $\frac{x^6}{x^6} = x^0 = 1$

13.  $\left(\frac{4a^3}{2b^4}\right)^2 = \frac{16a^6}{4b^8} = \frac{4a^6}{b^8}$

14.  $(2^3 x^2)^5 = 2^{15} x^{10} = 32768 x^{10}$

15.  $(x^4 y^7)^{-3} = x^{-12} y^{-21}$

16.  $\frac{x^{11} y^{10}}{x^{-3} y^{-1}} = x^{14} y^{11}$

17.  $\frac{-3x^{-4} y^0}{-3x^{-4}}$

18.  $\frac{5x^3 y^9}{20x^2 y^{-2}} = \frac{xy^{11}}{4}$

19.  $\frac{x^5}{x^{-2}} = x^7$

20.  $\frac{x^5 y^2}{x^4 y^0} = xy^2$

21.  $(x^3)^0 = 1$

22.  $(10x^5 y^3)^{-3} = \frac{1}{1000 x^{15} y^9} = 10^{-3} x^{-15} y^{-9}$

23.  $\frac{x^{-1} y}{xy^{-2}} = \frac{y^3}{x^2}$

24.  $(4x^2 y^5)^{-2} = \frac{1}{16x^4 y^{10}}$

25.  $\frac{2x^2 y}{6xy^{-1}} = \frac{xy^2}{3}$

26.  $\frac{xy^9}{3y^{-2}} \cdot \frac{-7y}{21x^5} = \frac{-1xy^{10} y^2}{(2)(3)x^5} = \frac{-y^{12}}{9x^4}$

27.  $\frac{12xy}{7x^2} \cdot \frac{7x^5 y^2}{14y} = 3x^2 y^2$

**Properties of Exponents Worksheet**

Name \_\_\_\_\_

Evaluate the expression.

1.  $4^2 \cdot 4^4$

2.  $(5^{-2})^3$

3.  $\frac{5^2}{5^5}$

4.  $\left(\frac{3}{7}\right)^3$

5.  $\frac{2^2}{2^{-9}}$

6.  $(-9)(-9)^3$

Simplify the expression.

7.  $a^6 \cdot a^3$

8.  $(x^5)^2$

9.  $(4a^2b^3)^5$

10.  $\frac{x^8}{x^6}$

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12.  $\frac{x^6}{x^6}$

13.  $\left(\frac{4a^3}{2b^4}\right)^2$

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18.  $\frac{5x^3y^9}{20x^2y^{-2}}$

19.  $\frac{x^5}{x^{-2}}$

20.  $\frac{x^5y^2}{x^4y^0}$

21.  $(x^3)^0$

22.  $(10x^5y^3)^{-3}$

23.  $\frac{x^{-1}y}{xy^{-2}}$

24.  $(4x^2y^5)^{-2}$

25.  $\frac{2x^2y}{6xy^{-1}}$

26.  $\frac{xy^9}{3y^{-2}} \cdot \frac{-7y}{21x^5}$

27.  $\frac{12xy}{7x^4} \cdot \frac{7x^5y^2}{4y}$

Simplify the following:

$$(\sqrt{4})^2$$

$$(\sqrt[3]{8})^3$$

$$(\sqrt[4]{16})^4$$

$$(\sqrt{10})^2$$

Name:	Date:
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Topic: Converting Between Radical and Exponents	Block:
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Main Ideas/Questions	Notes/Examples																																
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<p><b>Parts of a Radical</b></p>	<p>The <math>n^{\text{th}}</math> root of a real number, <math>a</math>, can be written as the radical expression <math>\sqrt[n]{a}</math></p> <div style="text-align: center;"> </div> <p>*If there is <b>no index</b>, it is assumed that _____.</p>																																
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	5. $\sqrt[3]{-250}$	6. $6\sqrt[3]{-2}$	
	7. $3\sqrt[4]{162}$	8. $5\sqrt[4]{2,592}$	
Radicals with Variables	<b>Square Roots</b> Exponents must be multiples of ____!	<b>Cube Roots</b> Exponents must be multiples of ____!	<b>4<sup>th</sup> Roots</b> Exponents must be multiples of ____!
	9. $\sqrt{32x^4y^9}$	10. $\sqrt{324a^3b^7}$	
	11. $\sqrt[3]{216m^3n^6}$	12. $\sqrt[3]{56r^8s^4}$	
	13. $\sqrt[3]{-64x^{10}y^{21}}$	14. $\sqrt[3]{-81p^2q^{12}}$	
	15. $\sqrt[4]{w^4v^{17}}$	16. $\sqrt[4]{48m^8n^3}$	
	17. $\sqrt[4]{625c^{23}d^{11}}$	18. $\sqrt[4]{(y+3)^8}$	



Name:	Date:
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Topic:	Class:
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Main Ideas/Questions	Notes/Examples		
<b>RATIONAL EXPONENTS</b>	Expressions with rational exponents can be rewritten as radicals using the following rules:		
	<b>Exponential Form</b>	<b>Meaning</b>	<b>Radical Form</b>
	$a^{\frac{1}{n}}$	The $n^{\text{th}}$ root of $a$	$\sqrt[n]{a}$
	$a^{\frac{m}{n}}$	The $n^{\text{th}}$ root of $a$ , raised to the $m^{\text{th}}$ power	$\sqrt[n]{a^m}$
Converting between Exponential & Radical Form	<b>Directions:</b> Write each expression in <b>radical form</b> . Simplify if needed.		
	1. $x^{\frac{1}{4}}$	2. $(15n)^{\frac{1}{2}}$	3. $24^{\frac{1}{3}}$
	4. $7^{\frac{2}{3}}$	5. $k^{\frac{7}{2}}$	6. $3^{\frac{5}{4}}$
	7. $(ab)^{\frac{3}{4}}$	8. $(-6x)^{\frac{2}{3}}$	9. $7(12w)^{\frac{1}{2}}$
	<b>Directions:</b> Write each expression in <b>exponential form</b> .		
	10. $\sqrt[3]{16}$	11. $\sqrt{xy}$	12. $\sqrt[4]{8w}$
	13. $\sqrt[3]{11^2}$	14. $\sqrt[4]{k^5}$	15. $(\sqrt{3m})^7$
	16. $(\sqrt[4]{-2a})^5$	17. $\sqrt{10^5 a^3 b}$	18. $\sqrt[3]{9x^7 y^4}$

Simplifying Expressions with Rational Exponents	①	Rewrite all radicals in <b>exponential form</b> .	
	②	Use the <b>exponent rules</b> to simplify the expression.	
	③	Write your <b>answer as a radical in simplest form</b> . Rationalize if needed.	
	19.	$x^{\frac{1}{3}} \cdot x^{\frac{4}{3}}$	20. $p^{\frac{1}{4}} \cdot p^{\frac{3}{2}}$
	21.	$\frac{m^{\frac{5}{2}}}{m^4}$	22. $\left(\frac{1}{a^3}\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}$
	23.	$\left(32^2\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}$	24. $(8x^2)^{\frac{2}{3}}$
	25.	$100^{-\frac{1}{2}}$	26. $16^{\frac{2}{3}} \cdot 16^{-\frac{1}{3}}$
	27.	$(-216)^{\frac{1}{3}}$	28. $\left(\frac{112}{7}\right)^{-\frac{1}{4}}$
	29.	$\sqrt[3]{v} \cdot \sqrt{v}$	30. $\sqrt[4]{r^3} \cdot \sqrt{r}$
	31.	$\frac{4}{\sqrt[3]{4}}$	32. $\frac{\sqrt{7^3}}{\sqrt{7}}$
33.	$\sqrt[4]{x^{10}}$	34. $\sqrt[4]{25m^2}$	

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Unit 6: Radical Functions

Date: \_\_\_\_\_ Bell: \_\_\_\_\_

Homework 4: Rational Exponents

**Directions:** Rewrite each expression in **radical form**. Simplify if needed.

1. $28^{\frac{1}{2}}$	2. $2^{\frac{4}{3}}$	3. $x^{\frac{5}{4}}$
4. $(256x)^{\frac{1}{4}}$	5. $(mn)^{\frac{7}{2}}$	6. $(-2a)^{\frac{4}{3}}$

**Directions:** Rewrite each expression in **exponential form**.

7. $\sqrt[4]{10^3}$	8. $\sqrt{3ab}$	9. $(\sqrt[3]{2w})^5$	10. $\sqrt[4]{18x^9y^2}$
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**Directions:** Simplify each expression. Give final answers in simplest radical form.

11. $9^{\frac{1}{2}} \cdot 9^{\frac{5}{2}}$	12. $\frac{x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{x^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	13. $(28^{\frac{3}{5}})^{\frac{5}{6}}$
14. $(-64)^{\frac{1}{3}}$	15. $45^{\frac{3}{2}} \cdot 45^2$	16. $2\left(\frac{48}{3}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}$
17. $\sqrt[4]{p} \cdot \sqrt{p^3}$	18. $\frac{\sqrt[3]{24^4}}{24}$	19. $\frac{m}{\sqrt[4]{m}}$
20. $\frac{16}{\sqrt[4]{16^3}}$	21. $\sqrt[4]{a^2b^{14}}$	22. $\sqrt[3]{36w^6}$

Name:	Date:
Topic:	Class:

Main Ideas/Questions	Notes/Examples
<b>Warm-Up</b> List the perfect squares, cubes, and fourths.	<b>Perfect Squares:</b> 1, 4, 9, 16, 25, 36, 49, 64, 81, 100, ...
	<b>Perfect Cubes:</b> 1, 8, 27, 64, 125, 216, 343, 512, 729, ...
	<b>Perfect Fourths:</b> 1, 16, 81, 256, 625, 1296, 2401, 4096, ...

<b>Parts of a Radical</b>	The $n^{\text{th}}$ root of a real number, $a$ , can be written as the radical expression $\sqrt[n]{a}$
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\*If there is no index, it is assumed that  $n=2$ .

Number of Roots	Give ALL POSSIBLE ROOTS to the radicals below.			
	$\sqrt{16} = \pm 4$	$\sqrt{121} = \pm 11$	$\sqrt{289} = \pm 17$	$\sqrt{\frac{4}{25}} = \pm \frac{2}{5}$
	$\sqrt[3]{8} = 2$	$\sqrt[3]{343} = 7$	$\sqrt[3]{-125} = -5$	$\sqrt[3]{-\frac{1}{27}} = -\frac{1}{3}$
	$\sqrt{1} = \pm 1$	$\sqrt{2,401} = \pm 49$	$\sqrt{4,096} = \pm 64$	$\sqrt{\frac{81}{16}} = \pm \frac{3}{2}$

Index	Radical	Type of Roots	# of Roots
Even	Positive	real	2 ( $\pm$ )
Odd	Positive	real	1 (+)
Odd	Negative	real	1 (-)
★ Even	Negative	imag	2 ( $\pm$ )

Simplifying Radicals	*If a radical has more than one root, the radical sign indicates only the principal, or positive, root.	
	1. $\sqrt{117}$ $\sqrt{9} \sqrt{13} = \boxed{3\sqrt{13}}$	2. $4\sqrt{320}$ $4 \cdot \sqrt{64} \sqrt{5}$ $4 \cdot 8 \sqrt{5} = \boxed{32\sqrt{5}}$
	3. $2\sqrt[3]{48}$ $2 \cdot \sqrt[3]{8} \sqrt[3]{6}$ $2 \cdot 2 \sqrt[3]{6} = \boxed{4\sqrt[3]{6}}$	4. $3\sqrt[3]{108}$ $3 \cdot \sqrt[3]{27} \sqrt[3]{4}$ $3 \cdot 3 \sqrt[3]{4} = \boxed{9\sqrt[3]{4}}$

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	<p>5. <math>\sqrt[3]{-250}</math></p> $\sqrt[3]{-125} \sqrt[3]{2}$ $= \boxed{-5 \sqrt[3]{2}}$	<p>6. <math>6\sqrt[3]{-2}</math></p> $6 \cdot -1 \sqrt[3]{2} = \boxed{-6 \sqrt[3]{2}}$	
	<p>7. <math>3\sqrt[4]{162}</math></p> $3 \cdot 3 \sqrt[4]{2} = \boxed{9 \sqrt[4]{2}}$	<p>8. <math>5\sqrt[4]{2,592}</math></p> $5 \cdot 6 \sqrt[4]{2} = \boxed{30 \sqrt[4]{2}}$	
Radicals with Variables	<p><b>Square Roots</b> Exponents must be multiples of <u>2</u>!</p>	<p><b>Cube Roots</b> Exponents must be multiples of <u>3</u>!</p>	<p><b>4<sup>th</sup> Roots</b> Exponents must be multiples of <u>4</u>!</p>
	<p>9. <math>\sqrt{32x^4y^8}</math></p> $\sqrt{16x^4y^8} \sqrt{2y}$ $= \boxed{4x^2y^4 \sqrt{2y}}$	<p>10. <math>\sqrt{324a^3b^7}</math></p> $\sqrt{324a^2b^6} \sqrt{ab}$ $= \boxed{18ab^3 \sqrt{ab}}$	
	<p>11. <math>\sqrt[3]{216m^3n^6}</math></p> $= \boxed{8mn^2}$	<p>12. <math>\sqrt[3]{56r^8s^4}</math></p> $\sqrt[3]{8r^6s^3} \sqrt[3]{7r^2s}$ $= \boxed{2r^2s \sqrt[3]{7r^2s}}$	
	<p>13. <math>\sqrt[3]{-64x^{10}y^{21}}</math></p> $\sqrt[3]{-64x^9y^{21}} \sqrt[3]{x}$ $= \boxed{-4x^3y^7 \sqrt[3]{x}}$	<p>14. <math>\sqrt[3]{-81p^2q^{12}}</math></p> $\sqrt[3]{-27q^{12}} \sqrt[3]{3p^2}$ $= \boxed{-3q^4 \sqrt[3]{3p^2}}$	
	<p>15. <math>\sqrt[4]{w^4v^{16}}</math></p> $\sqrt[4]{w^4v^{16}} \sqrt[4]{v}$ $= \boxed{wv^4 \sqrt[4]{v}}$	<p>16. <math>\sqrt[4]{48m^8n^3}</math></p> $\sqrt[4]{16m^8} \sqrt[4]{3n^3}$ $= \boxed{2m^2 \sqrt[4]{3n^3}}$	
	<p>17. <math>\sqrt[4]{625c^{23}d^{11}}</math></p> $\sqrt[4]{625c^{20}d^8} \sqrt[4]{c^3d^3}$ $= \boxed{5c^5d^2 \sqrt[4]{c^3d^3}}$	<p>18. <math>\sqrt{(y+3)^8}</math></p> $= (y+3)^2$ $= \boxed{y^2 + 6y + 9}$	

Name:	Date:
Topic:	Class:

Main Ideas/Questions	Notes/Examples		
<b>RATIONAL EXPONENTS</b>	Expressions with rational exponents can be rewritten as radicals using the following rules:		
	Exponential Form	Meaning	Radical Form
	$a^{\frac{1}{n}}$	The $n^{\text{th}}$ root of $a$	$a^{\frac{1}{n}} = \sqrt[n]{a}$
	$a^{\frac{m}{n}}$	The $n^{\text{th}}$ root of $a$ , raised to the $m^{\text{th}}$ power	$a^{\frac{m}{n}} = \sqrt[n]{a^m}$
Converting between Exponential & Radical Form	Directions: Write each expression in radical form. Simplify if needed.		
	1. $x^{\frac{1}{4}}$ = $\sqrt[4]{x}$	2. $(15n)^{\frac{1}{2}}$ = $\sqrt{15n}$	3. $24^{\frac{1}{3}}$ = $\sqrt[3]{24}$ = $\sqrt[3]{8 \cdot 3} = 2\sqrt[3]{3}$
	4. $7^{\frac{2}{3}}$ = $\sqrt[3]{7^2}$ = $\sqrt[3]{49}$	5. $k^{\frac{7}{2}}$ = $k^{4\frac{1}{2}} = k^4 \cdot k^{\frac{1}{2}}$ = $k^4 \sqrt{k}$	6. $3^{\frac{5}{4}}$ = $3^1 \cdot 3^{\frac{1}{4}}$ = $3\sqrt[4]{3}$
	7. $(ab)^{\frac{3}{4}}$ = $\sqrt[4]{(ab)^3}$ = $\sqrt[4]{a^3 b^3}$	8. $(-6x)^{\frac{2}{3}}$ = $\sqrt[3]{(-6x)^2}$ = $\sqrt[3]{36x^2}$	9. $7(12w)^{\frac{1}{2}}$ = $7\sqrt{12w}$ = $7\sqrt{4 \cdot 3w}$ = $14\sqrt{3w}$
	Directions: Write each expression in exponential form.		
	10. $\sqrt[3]{16}$ = $(16)^{\frac{1}{3}}$	11. $\sqrt{xy}$ = $(xy)^{\frac{1}{2}}$	12. $\sqrt[4]{8w}$ = $(8w)^{\frac{1}{4}}$
	13. $\sqrt[3]{11^2}$ = $(11)^{\frac{2}{3}}$	14. $\sqrt[4]{k^5}$ = $(k)^{\frac{5}{4}}$	15. $(\sqrt{3m})^7$ = $(3m)^{\frac{7}{2}}$
	16. $(\sqrt{-2a})^5$ = $(-2a)^{\frac{5}{4}}$	17. $\sqrt{10^5 a^3 b}$ = $(10^5 a^3 b)^{\frac{1}{2}}$	18. $\sqrt[3]{9x^2 y^4}$ = $(9x^2 y^4)^{\frac{1}{3}}$

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<p>Simplifying Expressions with Rational Exponents</p>	<p>① Rewrite all radicals in exponential form.</p>	
	<p>② Use the exponent rules to simplify the expression.</p>	
	<p>③ Write your answer as a radical in simplest form. Rationalize if needed.</p>	
	<p>19. <math>x^{\frac{1}{3}} \cdot x^{\frac{4}{3}} = x^{5/3}</math>  <math>= x^{3/3} \cdot x^{2/3}</math>  <math>= \boxed{x^{\sqrt[3]{x^2}}}</math></p>	<p>20. <math>p^{\frac{1}{4}} \cdot p^{\frac{3}{4}} = p^{1/4}</math>  <math>= p^{4/4} \cdot p^{3/4}</math>  <math>= \boxed{p^{\sqrt[4]{p^3}}}</math></p>
	<p>21. <math>\frac{m^{\frac{10}{7}}}{m^{\frac{4}{7}}} = m^{3/4}</math>  <math>= \boxed{\sqrt[4]{m^3}}</math></p>	<p>22. <math>(a^{\frac{1}{3}})^{\frac{5}{2}} = a^{5/6}</math>  <math>= \boxed{\sqrt[6]{a^5}}</math></p>
	<p>23. <math>(32^{\frac{1}{2}})^{\frac{1}{2}} = 32^{1/4}</math>  <math>= \sqrt[4]{32}</math>  <math>= \sqrt[4]{16} \sqrt[4]{2} = \boxed{2\sqrt[4]{2}}</math></p>	<p>24. <math>(8x^2)^{\frac{2}{3}} = 8^{2/3} x^{4/3}</math>  <math>= \sqrt[3]{64} x^4</math>  <math>= \sqrt[3]{64x^3} \sqrt[3]{x} = \boxed{4x\sqrt[3]{x}}</math></p>
	<p>25. <math>100^{-\frac{1}{2}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{100}}</math>  <math>= \boxed{\frac{1}{10}}</math></p>	<p>26. <math>16^{\frac{2}{3}} \cdot 16^{\frac{1}{3}} = 16^{1/3}</math>  <math>= \sqrt[3]{16}</math>  <math>= \sqrt[3]{8} \sqrt[3]{2} = \boxed{2\sqrt[3]{2}}</math></p>
	<p>27. <math>(-216)^{\frac{1}{3}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{-216}}</math>  <math>= \boxed{\frac{1}{-6}}</math></p>	<p>28. <math>(\frac{112}{7})^{-\frac{1}{4}} = (\frac{16}{7})^{-1/4}</math>  <math>= (\frac{1}{16})^{1/4} = \boxed{\frac{1}{2}}</math></p>
	<p>29. <math>\sqrt[3]{v} \cdot \sqrt{v} = v^{1/3} \cdot v^{1/2}</math>  <math>= v^{5/6}</math>  <math>= \boxed{\sqrt[6]{v^5}}</math></p>	<p>30. <math>\sqrt[3]{r^3} \cdot \sqrt{r} = r^{3/4} \cdot r^{1/2}</math>  <math>= r^{5/4}</math>  <math>= r^{4/4} \cdot r^{1/4}</math>  <math>= \boxed{r\sqrt[4]{r}}</math></p>
	<p>31. <math>\frac{4}{\sqrt[3]{4}} = \frac{4}{4^{1/3}} = 4^{2/3}</math>  <math>= \sqrt[3]{16}</math>  <math>= \boxed{2\sqrt[3]{2}}</math></p>	<p>32. <math>\frac{\sqrt{7^3}}{\sqrt{7}} = \frac{7^{3/2}}{7^{1/2}} = 7^{2/2}</math>  <math>= \boxed{7}</math></p>
<p>33. <math>\sqrt[4]{x^{10}} = x^{10/4} = x^{5/2}</math>  <math>= x^{4/2} \cdot x^{1/2}</math>  <math>= \boxed{x^2\sqrt{x}}</math></p>	<p>34. <math>\sqrt{25m^2} = 25^{1/4} \cdot m^{2/4}</math>  <math>= (5^2)^{1/4} \cdot m^{1/2}</math>  <math>= 5^{1/2} \cdot m^{1/2} = \boxed{\sqrt{5m}}</math></p>	

Gina Wilson (All Things Algebra), 2015



Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Unit 6: Radical Functions

Date: \_\_\_\_\_ Bell: \_\_\_\_\_ Homework 4: Rational Exponents

**Directions:** Rewrite each expression in radical form. Simplify if needed.

1. $28^{\frac{1}{2}} = \sqrt{28}$ $= \sqrt{4 \cdot 7}$ $= 2\sqrt{7}$	2. $2^{\frac{4}{3}} = \sqrt[3]{2^4}$ $= \sqrt[3]{2^3 \cdot 2}$ $= 2\sqrt[3]{2}$	3. $x^{\frac{5}{4}} = \sqrt[4]{x^5}$ $= \sqrt[4]{x^4 \cdot x}$ $= x\sqrt[4]{x}$
4. $(256x)^{\frac{1}{4}} = \sqrt[4]{256x}$ $= 4\sqrt[4]{x}$	5. $(mn)^{\frac{7}{2}} = \sqrt{(mn)^7}$ $= \sqrt{(mn)^6} \sqrt{mn}$ $= m^3 n^3 \sqrt{mn}$	6. $(-2a)^{\frac{4}{3}} = \sqrt[3]{(-2a)^4}$ $= \sqrt[3]{16a^4}$ $= \sqrt[3]{8a^3} \sqrt[3]{2a} = 2a\sqrt[3]{2a}$

**Directions:** Rewrite each expression in exponential form.

7. $\sqrt[4]{10^3} = (10)^{3/4}$	8. $\sqrt{3ab} = (3ab)^{1/2}$	9. $(\sqrt[3]{2w})^5 = (2w)^{5/3}$	10. $\sqrt[4]{18x^9y^2} = (18x^9y^2)^{1/4}$
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**Directions:** Simplify each expression. Give final answers in simplest radical form.

11. $9^{\frac{1}{2}} \cdot 9^{\frac{5}{2}} = 9^{6/2}$ $= 9^3$ $= 729$	12. $\frac{x^{\frac{7}{3}}}{x^{\frac{2}{3}}} = x^{5/3}$ $= \sqrt[3]{x^5}$ $= \sqrt[3]{x^3 \cdot x^2}$ $= x\sqrt[3]{x^2}$	13. $(28^{\frac{3}{5}})^{\frac{5}{6}} = 28^{\frac{15}{30}}$ $= 28^{1/2}$ $= \sqrt{28}$ $= \sqrt{4 \cdot 7} = 2\sqrt{7}$
14. $(-64)^{\frac{1}{3}} = \frac{1}{(-64)^{1/3}}$ $= \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{-64}}$ $= \frac{1}{-4}$	15. $45^{\frac{3}{2}} \cdot 45^{\frac{1}{2}} = 45^{4/2}$ $= \sqrt{45}$ $= \sqrt{9 \cdot 5}$ $= 3\sqrt{5}$	16. $2\left(\frac{48}{3}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}} = 2\left(\frac{16}{1}\right)^{1/4}$ $= 2\left(\frac{2}{1}\right)$ $= 4$
17. $\sqrt[4]{p} \cdot \sqrt[4]{p^3} = p^{1/4} \cdot p^{3/4}$ $= p^{4/4}$ $= p^1 \cdot p^3$ $= p^4$	18. $\frac{\sqrt[4]{24^4}}{24} = \frac{24^{4/4}}{24}$ $= \frac{24^1}{24}$ $= 1$	19. $\frac{m}{\sqrt[4]{m}} = \frac{m}{m^{1/4}} = m^{3/4}$ $= \sqrt[4]{m^3}$
20. $\frac{16}{\sqrt[4]{16^3}} = \frac{16}{16^{3/4}} = 16^{1/4}$ $= 2$	21. $\sqrt[4]{a^2b^{14}} = (a^2b^{14})^{1/4}$ $= a^{1/2} b^{7/2}$ $= \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{ab}$	22. $\sqrt[4]{36w^6} = (36w^6)^{1/4}$ $= (6^2w^6)^{1/4}$ $= 6^{1/2} w^{3/2}$ $= \sqrt{6} \sqrt[4]{w^6}$



